SAMPLE PAPER CLASS XI Session (2024-25) MATHEMATICS(041)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

General Instructions :

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :

(i) This question paper contains **38** questions. **All** questions are **compulsory**.

(ii) The question paper is divided into five sections - A, B, C, D and E.

(iii) In Section A, Questions no. 1 to 18 are Multiple Choice questions (MCQs) and questions number 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.

Maximum Marks: 80

(iv) In Section B, Questions no. 21 to 25 are very Short answer (VSA)-type questions, carrying 2 marks each.

(v) In Section C, Questions no. 26 to 31 are Short answer (SA)-type questions, carrying 3 marks each. (vi) In Section D, Questions no. 32 to 35 are Long answer (LA)-type questions of 5 marks each.

(vii) Section E Questions no. 36 to 38 are case based questions carrying 4 marks each.

(viii) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in 2 questions in Section B, 3 questions in Section C, 2 questions in Section D and 2 questions in Section E.

(ix) Use of calculators is not allowed.

SECTION A This section consists of 20 multiple choice questions of 1 mark each. 20 x 1 = 20									
Q1	If $U = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 40\}$; $P = \{x : x \text{ is divisible by 2 and 3}\}$ and $Q = \{x : x = n^2, n \in N\}$ then $n(P) - n(Q)$ is (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3								
Q2	The greatest value of (sin x cos x) is (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) $\sqrt{2}$ (D) $\frac{1}{2}$	1							
Q3	Number of 5-digit even numbers that can be formed using the digits 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, if repetition of digit is not allowed, is								
	(A) 500 (B) 60 (C) 48 (D) 24								
Q4	$i^{25} + i^{36} + i^{42} + i^{55}$ is equal to (A)0 (B) 2 (C) 2 <i>i</i> (D) 2 + 2 <i>i</i>	1							

Q5	The center and radius of circle $3x^2 + 3y^2 = 7$ is (A) (0,0); $\sqrt{7}$ (B)(0,0); $\sqrt{3}$ (C) (0,0); $\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}}$ (D)(0,0); $\frac{7}{3}$	1
Q6	$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x(e^{x} - 1)}{1 - \cos x}$ (A) 2 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) $\frac{1}{1}$	1
Q7	The minimum value of $7^{2(1-x)} + 49^x$ is	
	(A) 14 (B) $\frac{2}{7}$ (C) 7 (D) 49	1
Q8	If $\lim_{x \to -a} \frac{x^7 + a^7}{x + a} = 7$, then the value of a is	1
	(A)1 (B)-1 (C) \pm 1 (D)0	
Q9	If the variance of the data 2,4,5,6,8,17 is 23.33, then variance 4,8,10,12,16,34 will be (A)23.23 (B)25.33 (C) 46.66 (D)93.32	1
Q10	If the extremities of the diagonal of the base of the cube are $(1,-2,3)$ and $(2,-3,5)$ then the length of the side of cube is (A) $\sqrt{6}$ units (B) $\sqrt{3}$ units (C) $\sqrt{5}$ units (D) $\sqrt{7}$ units	1
Q11	A clock shows 7:20.The angle between the hour hand and minute hand would be : (A) 50° (B) 80° (C) 100° (D) 120°	1
Q12	Given x is a real number satisfying $1 - x > 2x - 5$, x belongs to : (A) $(-\infty, -2)$ (B) $(-\infty, 2)$ (C) $(-2, \infty)$ (D) $(2, \infty)$	1
Q13	If the mean of the data : $2,0,7,-5,8,11,4,-3$ is 3, then the mean deviation about mean of the data is (A) 2.5 (B) 5.5 (C) 4.5 (D) 1	1
Q14	If $R = \{(x, y) : x, y \in W, 2x + y = 8\}$ then domain of R is(A) $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ (B) $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ (C) $\{0,1,2,3,4\}$ (D) $\{0,1,2,3\}$	1

Q15	If $5 \ge 5^{\frac{1}{3}} \ge 5^{\frac{1}{9}} \ge 5^{\frac{1}{27}} \ge 5^{\frac{1}{27}} \ge 5^{\frac{1}{27}}$, then <i>m</i> is equal to (A) $\frac{3}{2}$ (B) $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) 1 (D) $\frac{3}{4}$	1							
Q16	If two complex numbers z_1 , z_2 are represented by points (2, -1) and (-3, 4) in the Argand Plane, then $\overline{(z_1 - z_2)}$ is (A) - 1 - 5 <i>i</i> (B) 5 (1 - <i>i</i>) (C) - 1 + 5 <i>i</i> (D) 5(1 + <i>i</i>)								
Q17	$\sum_{k=0}^{n} C(n,k) 3^{k} \text{ is equal to}$ (A) 4^{2n} (B) 3^{n} (C) 4^{n} (D) 3^{2n}	1							
Q18	If <i>E</i> and <i>F</i> are two events associated with a random experiment, having sample space S and $P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F)$, then which of the following statements is always true (A) $E \cup F = S$ (B) $P(E) = P(F)$ (C) $P(E \cup F) = 1$ (D) $E \cap F = \phi$	1							
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	SECTION B In this section there are 5 very short answer type questions of 2 marks each.							
Q21	If $2p + iq = \frac{a+ib}{a-ib}$, then show that $4p^2 + q^2 = 1$							
Q22	If $U = \{ x : x \in N \text{ and } 1 \le x \le 20 \}$ $A = \{ x : x \in N \text{ and } 1 \le x \le 15 \}$ $B = \{ x : x \in N \text{ and } x = 2n - 1 , n \le 5 \}$ Represent the above sets by a Venn diagram showing set U as a universal set. Write the relation between Set A and Set B.							
Q23	Evaluate the left hand limit and right-hand limit of the following function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{ x }{x} & \text{if } x \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$	2						
	Does $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x)$ exist? OR If $f: R \to R$ be a function defined $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 9 & if \ x \le \frac{3}{2} \\ 3x^3 \end{cases}$							
	$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 4+9x & \text{if } x > \frac{3}{2} \\ \text{then find the value of } f'(2) - f'(1) \end{array}\right)$							
Q24	The figure shows a relation from a set X to a set Y.	2						
	Write the above relation in Roster form. Is the above relation a function? Give reason in support of your answer. OR Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 5$ and $g(x) = x - 1$. Find $(\frac{f}{g})(x)$. Also find the Domain and Range of Quotient function.							

Q25	If P is the foot of perpendicular from the point $S(6,7,8)$ on the XY-plane and Q is the mirror image of the point S (6,7,8) in the XY-plane ,find PQ.											2			
	SECTION C In this section there are 6 short answer type questions of 3 marks each.														
Q26	Find the number of arrangements of the letters of the word SELFIE. In how many of these arrangements there are exactly 2 letters between 2 E's.											3			
	OR											5			
	In how many of the distinct permutations of the letters in TELANGANA do the three A's not come together?														
Q27	Draw the graph of $f(x) = x^3$. Hence find its range.											3			
Q28	Co	mp	lete the	follow	ing t	able for	the f	unctio	on y =	4 sin x					
	x	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	<u>5</u> π 6	π	$\frac{7\pi}{6}$	$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$	$\frac{11\pi}{6}$	2π	3
	у	0	-	3.46	-	3.46	-	0	-	-3.46	-	-3.46	-	0	
	Sp	ecif	y the ra	nge of	the g	given fu	nctio	n in se	et build	der forn	1.				
Q29	The water acidity in a pool is considered normal when the average pH reading of three daily measurements is between 8.2 and 8.5. If the first two pH readings are 8.1 and 8.6, find the range of pH value for the third reading that will result in the acidity level being normal.											_			
	Solve the system of inequalities: 4x + 7 > x - 5 $12 - 7 x \ge -2$ and represent the solutions on the number line									3					
Q30	Find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x-2}$ by first principle.												3		



	SECTION D In this section there are 4 long answer type questions of 5 marks each.									
Q32 Q33	If the image of the point (4, 3) with respect to the line <i>l</i> is (2,1), then find the equation of the line <i>l</i> . Also, find the value of <i>k</i> if the distance between the above line and the line $3x+3y+k=0$ is $\frac{14}{\sqrt{3}}$ units. OR A line is such that its segment between the lines $x - 2y - 2 = 0$ and $2x + y - 1 = 0$ is bisected at the point (1, 3). Obtain its equation. Following table represents the number of persons of different age groups in a									
	Age of persons (in years) 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 Number of persons 5 8 8 15 14 Find the mean and the variance of the above data. OR The mean and standard deviation of 100 observations were calculated as 40 and 5.1, respectively by a student who took by mistake 50 instead of 40 for one									
Q34	Find the coefficient of x^5 in the product $(x + 3)^5(2 - x)^6$.									
Q35	Given, $A = \{x : -1 < x \le 5, x \in R\}$ and $B = \{x : -4 < x \le 3, x \in R\}$ Find: (i) $A \cap B$ (ii) $A' \cap B$ (iii) $A - B$ Also represent each result on different number lines.									





